LEVEL C1.1 SUPERIOR
First quarter
Grammar contents

1. The substantive and the article
   1.1. Review of the substantive and the article
   1.2. Foreign and erudite expressions

2. The adjective I
   2.1. Types of adjectives: qualifying and relational
   2.2. Position of the adjective: ante position and the isolated adjective

3. Interrogatives and exclamatives
   3.1. Order of the elements
   3.2. Adverbial locutions with the interrogatives

4. The Adverb and the adverbial locutions I
   4.1. Adverbs of place, time and quantity
   4.2. Polar identifying adverbs, affirmatives & negatives
   4.3. Adverbs in ly –“mente”

5. Prepositions I

6. The verb I
   6.1. Review of the correct and dislocated uses of the indicative tenses
   6.2. The subjunctive in subordinate clauses. Temporal correlations: present, past and future coordinates
   6.3. The imperative: lexicalized imperatives

7. To be "Ser / estar"
   7.1. Copulative and predicative uses of to be, “ser/estar”
   7.2. Auxiliary verbs

8. The nominal syntagm I
   8.1. Internal concordance of the Nominal Syntagm (SN)
   8.2. Concordance of the NS with the verb

9. The verbal syntagm I
   9.1. Passives of result and of action
   9.2. Pseudocopulative verbs
   9.3. Ruled prepositional complement
LEVEL C1.1 SUPERIOR
First quarter
Functional contents

Objectives

At the end of the quarter the student should be able to:

1. To understand and produce constructions related to personal experiences, events and needs of daily life. Social formulas in formal and informal contexts.
2. Understand and produce texts which describe, expose and narrate themes related to personal experiences, facts and events in daily life, within the realm of orality. To argue and counterargue giving the appropriate emphasis to the important aspects and relying on the adequate details.
3. Refer discursive acts.
4. Understand and produce descriptive texts with clear and detailed facts about real or imaginary experiences stressing the existing relation between ideas and following the established norms of the selected literary genre. To write texts synthesizing and judging information and arguments from different sources. To understand and write personal and formal correspondence.
5. Understand in a global way, texts of a literary nature with different degrees of difficulty. To understand and interpret opinions transmitted through different media.

Programme

1. Specifications related to the context of asking for and offering information

2. To narrate
   2.1. To narrate following the prototypical process
   2.2. Insert dialogical sequences of indirect style in the past (indicative and subjunctive)
   2.3. To insert descriptive sequences of people, objects, places and circumstances. Objective and subjective point of view: aspectualization
   2.4. Insert exposing sequences in formal texts
LEVEL C1.1 SUPERIOR
First quarter
Functional contents

3. To express opinions and attitudes I
   3.1. To ask for and to express opinions
   3.2. To express agreement and disagreement with firmness or attenuation.
   3.3. To show scepticism
   3.4. To present a counterargument mentioning the source if required

4. To ask for and express judgements

5. Affirmation and negation of certainty and evidence. Formal register

6. To express likings, preferences and interests II
   6.1. To ask about and express likings and interests
   6.2. To ask about and express preferences
   6.3. To express indifference
   6.4. To express aversion

7. Influence on others I
   7.1. To ask for and deny help, permission, a favour in a gentle way or a covered manner. To beg
   7.2. To accept and reject requests
   7.3. To urge, to calm down, to console, to warn and reproach, etc...
   7.4. To propose and suggest
   7.5. To promise and to commit

8. Social uses of language under informal and formal circumstances. Written texts
   8.1. To greet and bid farewell. To send and convey greetings and regards
   8.2. To introduce and to react to an introduction
   8.3. To apologize and how to react to an apology
   8.4. To be grateful
   8.5. To express oneself in other social situations
   8.6. To express courteous wishes: congratulations, a toast, etc.

9. Spelling I
   9.1. Spelling of letters and words
   9.3. Punctuation
1. The adjective II
   1.1. The relative possessive adjective (whose, “cuyo”)
   1.2. Adverbialization

2. The article
   2.1. Restrictions in the syntactic distribution
   2.2. Absence of determination
   2.3. Substantivating value

3. The demonstratives
   3.1. Values and meaning
   3.2. Syntactic distribution

4. The quantifiers
   4.1. proper, focal and presuppositional quantifiers
   4.2. Quantified structures

5. The personal pronoun
   5.1. Cases of presence and absence
   5.2. Direct object complement pronoun: cases of presence/absence. Position
   5.3. Indirect object complement pronoun: cases of presence/absence. “laísmo”
   5.4. Values of SE: restrictions in impersonal and passive reflexives

6. Relative pronouns
   6.1. Which, the one, “Que, el que...”; whom, “quien/quienes”: review
   6.2. The one, the ones, “El cual, la cual, los cuales, las cuales, lo cual”

7. The Adverb. And the adverbial locutions II
   7.1. Other types of nuclear adverbs
   7.2. Adverbs of mode. Obligatory circumstances

8. Prepositions II
9. The verb II
   9.1. Modalizations and modalities of the verb
       More on the basic rules
   9.3. Non personal forms
   9.4. Paradigm and use of verbal periphrases

10. The nominal syntagm II
    10.1. Nominal Syntagm with eliptic nucleus: specifications
    10.2. Cases of unusual interpretation or double interpretation

11. The verbal syntagm II
    11.1. Restrictions to passive clauses
    11.2. Intransitives with transitive behaviour
Objectives

At the end of the quarter the student should be able to:

1. To understand and produce social constructions in formal and informal contexts, as well as statements related to personal experiences and events of daily life.
2. Understand and produce orally texts which describe and narrate in a complex way integrating other subjects, developing concrete aspects and concluding in an adequate manner. To argue and counterargue giving the appropriate emphasis to the important aspects and relying on the adequate details.
3. Make clear and well structured oral presentations on complex themes, amplifying with a certain extension and defending the points of view with complementary ideas or adequate examples. Make good use of interjections.
4. Write clear and well structured texts about complex themes highlighting the main ideas, expanding on personal points of view with adequate examples or complementary ideas and ending with a pertinent conclusion. To understand and produce clear and detailed texts on real or imaginary facts and experiences following the established internal norms which characterize the selected literary genre. To understand and write personal and formal correspondence.
5. Understand in a global way, informations and opinions, transmitted through different media, as well as texts of a literary nature with different degrees of difficulty.

Programme

1. To express opinions and attitudes II
   1.1. To ask for and to express opinions
   1.2. To ask about, express agreement and disagreement with firmness or with gentleness. To invite to agreement
   1.3. To express approval and disapproval
   1.4. To show scepticism
   1.5. To express what can and cannot be remembered
   1.6. To request and express value judgements
   1.7. To present a counterargument mentioning the source if required
   1.8. To invite to formulate a hypothesis
2. To formulate a hypothesis and express possibility. Adding nuances to the different levels of security

3. To express and ask about plans and intentions: fulfilment or frustration

4. To ask about and express wishes, feelings and sensations
   4.1. Wishes. Different degrees of possibility
   4.2. Feelings: to be fed up, affliction, indignation, anxiety, resignation, relief, empathy, regret, admiration, pride, etc.
   4.3. Physical and emotional sensations

5. Influence on others II
   5.1. To give an order or an instruction in a gentle manner or in a covered up way. To repeat an order or a presupposed order.
   5.2. To offer and invite. To request confirmation
   5.3. To accept and reject with/without reservations
   5.4. To advise, propose and suggest. To pose hypothetical situations
   5.5. To request and turn down help, permission or a favour in a gentle way or in a covered up manner. To beg
   5.6. To promise. To reject a prohibition
   5.7. To encourage, to calm down, to console, to warn, to reproach and to threaten, etc.
   5.8. To promise and to commit oneself

6. Social uses of language under informal and formal circumstances. The written language
   6.1. To greet and bid farewell. To send and convey greetings and regards
   6.2. To introduce and to react to an introduction
   6.3. To apologize and how to react to an apology
   6.4. To be grateful and how to respond to gratitude
   6.5. To express oneself in other social situations
   6.6. To use courteous expressions: condolences, how to celebrate success
7. **Spelling II**

7.1. Spelling of letters, words, caps and low case in verbal forms

7.2. Accentuation: Diphthongs, triphthongs and hiatuses in verbal forms. Diacritical accent
    Application of the general rule in compound words, pronouns, adverbs and adverbial locutions and indirect interrogative clauses

7.3. Punctuation